## The Log of Logs, Mathematios Student Portfolio

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## Measure in dynamic systems

- 1905 Einstein: time-space continuum

Attempts to separate place from time have always distorted interpretations of reality, and always will.

- 1927 Heisenberg: uncertainty theorems

The more closely a measure informs us about position, the more it obfuscates trajectory, and vice versa.

- 1931 Gödel: incompleteness theorems

No set of axioms can fully explain a non-trivial system; there will always arise a truth that the system can not prove or predict.

## Education is a dynamic system

- 2007 Baker, (expanding upon AMATYC and NCTM standards)


## Laws of the universe hold for people too!

Educational needs do depend on both our time and place in history.
Traditional pedagogy assumed position equals trajectory, so has obfuscated modern learning, and left students uncertain ...

Modern attempts to axiomatize learning and to make tests all-andeverything, ignore diversity and reduce formal education to a trivial pursuit. Society has begun to treat it so.

## Population Explosion

## Technology Revolution

Information Rage

## Increased DENSITY

## So many things to keep track of .

So many different ways to keep track of them.

## How stuff works:

Throughㅊ1970: Mechanical, sensory: Could tinker and "figure it out"

In 2000: Electronic, abstract, symbolic: Must "read and follow the instructions."

Reasonable sometimes. Reducible to algorithm often. But not sensible...

> The new "Black Box" world is not accessible to the un-trained, to the un-equipped.

## Employer Pressure: desired of employees with degrees

U. Alaska president's informal study:

Read and explain technical information

AMATYC and Georgia Transportation Department

> Show up everyday
> Learn from mistakes

## "Math for All"

The 10\% talented in mathematics/logic, assured us by the normal curve, are no longer enough to meet the needs of modern society...
"Open enrollment" College
-- the "other 90\% need mathematics
--everyone required to study algebra
The traditional approach no longer prepares enough students with necessary math skills!

Too many "good students" opt out of mathematics and science as soon as the opportunity presents itself. Why?

## The second iler sheila Tobias' construct

The most significant contributing factors are the lack of:

1) Opportunity to develop facility with the language of the content
2) opportunity to develop facility
with the "language" of human interaction
3) Shared success, and the strength of spirit of it engenders.

## Crossroads Corner March 2007 AMATYC News

"Why adopt mathematics standards?...

- Increase quantitative literacy of all students
- Develop students ability to communicate mathematically."


## UAS Catalog

## "Student Outcome Goals

...Assignments and tasks will be embedded into the course objectives of many different courses at different level of the curricula to provide students the opportunity to learn and demonstrate mastery of these competencies:

## Communication:

...write, speak, read, and listen effectively for a variety of purposes...

UAS Catalog Cont.

## Quantitative Skills:

...analytic and mathematical reasoning.. and quantitative problems...

## Information Literacy:

...Identify...locate...analyze and evaluate...integrate and communicate...evaluate information (as well as) product and process.

## Computer Usage:

...skills range from basic abilities, to
telecommunications....and electronic mail technologies.

UAS Catalog Cont.

## Professional Behavior:

...is expected of college students...including responsibility, good work habits, ethical decision making, ....and successful human relations.

## Critical Thinking:

... approach from multiple perspective...compare and contrast ideas and models, and willingness to take intellectual risks.

Students' skills in these six areas will be assessed periodically during their studies at UAS"

Syllabus for Math 107- College Algebra (4credits)...

Your grade for this class will be determined by your performance across the four modes of assessment described below:

## Preparation and Participation <br> 12\%

Tests and Quizzes
64\%
Email writing assignment
12\%
Portfolio
12\%
*Note: Each component of this grading rubric is worth at least one full letter grade.
*Note: this grade does not include a component for "student's innate abilities." Only student performance, as described above, is considered in the final determination of the course grade.

## Log of Logs : a portfolio

Funk and Wagnall's defines a "log" as
a "record of the progress of an undertaking-usually technical in nature."

Learning mathematics is an extended undertaking; it is technical in nature.

There are diverse measures of progress in learning mathematics.
Many measures of progress can be documented, each in its own log.

## Logs for the portfolio

1) Table, with the chronologic listing of i) dates on which the class met, ii) all assignments given on each date, iii) a note whether or the student attended class that day, or not, and iv) assessments from that day (fact check, quiz, test, activity).
2) Table, with chronologic listing of i) the main topics of e-mail ESSAY submissions, ii) the dates submitted, and iii) the grades received.

## Personal Grade book

- Back- up to instructor
- Enables student self-grading
- Experience with diverse tables
*     *         * First experience with grade book concerns for many education students

Math as a tool for humans, by humans.


## Logs for the portfolio cont.

3) A comprehensive compilation of i) all QUIZ and EXAM questions and problems, with ii) a correct solution supplied for each.
4) Table for "TOOLS of the TRADE" introduced and/or used in the course, with i) a listing of each tool's name, ii) a description of the context for using the tool, and iii) an example for its use.

Mathematical tools include but are not limited to: formulas, algorithms, theorems, valuable facts.

## Logs for the portfolio cont.

5) A listing of all technical words / VOCABULARY, symbols, and abbreviations introduced in class and in the text. Definitions and examples of use may be included, but are not required.
6) A comprehensive compilation which i) gives the goal of each CALCULATOR USE encountered in class or in the text, and ii) gives commands and chains-ofcommands associated with each use.
7) A compilation including i) one EXAMPLE of independent work from each chapter of the text, and ii) written self-assessments, as assigned.

## ARTIFACTS

For student: Reference center, now and later
Documentation to grease transfer credit Self-reflection and assessment device enables learning from mistakes
For Instructor: More to grade...but worth it as:
Back up, refresher, and overview
Concrete evidence of student involvement applied to critical thinking
For Program: Concrete, compact, comprehensive Not an add-on

## UAS-K Mathematics

## SELF-ASSESSMENT

$$
\text { Put in log } 8
$$

1. You recently took an "open portfolio" exam in this class.
2. Answer the following questions regarding the usefulness of your portfolio as a tool for aiding your test-taking effort.
i) Did you find your portfolio helpful in taking this exam? Yes How? It grve me a comfat leerl kuowing it was there to help jog my memery if needed.
ii) Which of the eight logs in your portfolio did you access while you were taking this particular exam? What information did you seek in each?

UAS-K Mathematics
SELF-ASSESSMENT

1. Choose one example ofyour work from the assigned applications (word) problems in Chapter 3. Place this example into Log 8 of your portfolio.
The problem you choose shouid demonstrate your best efforts. It should be the one problem that you would have me score as if it were an Olympic event, where considerations for 1) difficuity, 2) completeness, and 3) accuracy
will be takeri mito consideration before assigning a score for it.
2. Answer the following questions regarding this one example of your work. Place this page into Log 8 of your portfolio, next to the example of work it pertains to. (use the back of this page if needed)
iii) Does your solution to this problem address each of the four stages of Polya's process for quantitative problem solving? If not, which guideline(s) did you omit? Why? (1) understrod the problem: 4 knew the meanings of the wods.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { (3) My plan was to talce it are step at a time soluing each problem } \\
& \text { as I went. }
\end{aligned}
$$

(3) as I went.
iv) Which of the four stages proved to be the most difficult in your attempt to solve this problem? In looling Badk to check, \&w wasn't able to determines
if a different method to solve could be found.
v) In what context have humans encountered similar problems in the past?
"Cugtimer a bridge or samekind of infrastructures
is buitt. celculatims would need to be done ne


## Log of Logs: a portfolio

Focused on traditional mathematical content, students gain guided experience with: Job Skills--documentation Information literacy
Manipulation of information formats (especially tables)
Communications skills
Critical thinking
Professional behavior and Self-assessment
...and good study habits

# Keeping track of diverse forms of information 

underlies the search for patterns, in quantitative and qualitative data.

It is a natural to be taught
in the mathematics classroom.

## Mathematics includes Intrinsic Beauty AND Usefulness

